## FIRST MIDTERM EXAMINATION ECON 103, STATISTICS FOR ECONOMISTS

February 13th, 2018

You will have 70 minutes to complete this exam. Graphing calculators, notes, and textbooks are not permitted.

I pledge that, in taking and preparing for this exam, I have abided by the University of Pennsylvania's Code of Academic Integrity. I am aware that any violations of the code will result in a failing grade for this course.

Name:									
Signature:									
Student ID #:		Recitation #:							
	Question:	1	2	3	4	5	Total		
	Points:	40	30	25	15	30	140		

Score:

**Instructions:** Answer all questions in the space provided, continuing on the back of the page if you run out of space. Show your work for full credit but be aware that writing down irrelevant information will not gain you points. Be sure to sign the academic integrity statement above and to write your name and student ID number on *each page* in the space provided. Make sure that you have all pages of the exam before starting.

Warning: If you continue writing after we call time, even if this is only to fill in your name, twenty-five points will be deducted from your final score. In addition, a point will be deducted for each page on which you do not write your name and student ID.

1. V	Write down	the answer	to each	of the	following.	No ex	planation	is needed.
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- (a) What is the formula for the sample variance of  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$ ? |4|
- 4 (b) What is the formula for the sample covariance between  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$  and  $y_1, \ldots, y_n$ ?
- 4 (c) Using the rule of thumb for skewness, how would we expect the mean and median of a right-skewed dataset to compare to one another?
- $\overline{4}$ (d) If x is measured in meters, what are the units of  $s_x^2$ ?
- |4|(e) TRUE or FALSE:  $s_{xy} \ge r_{xy}$ .
- 4 (f) Let A and B be two events. Write down the expression for  $P(A \cup B)$ .
- |4|(g) Let A and B be two events. What is the definition of P(B|A)?
- 4 (h) Let A and B be two events. Write down Bayes' rule for calculating P(B|A).
- |4|(i) TRUE or FALSE: if events A and B are mutually exclusive they are independent.
- |4|(j) TRUE or FALSE:  $P(A \cap B) \leq P(A \cup B)$ .

The following question is based on a problem from your assigned homework. The reasoning and solutions to parts (a)–(d) are identical to the corresponding questions from your homework, although I have re-worded the question for clarity. Part (e) is new.

- 2. Let  $x_1, \ldots, x_n$  be a sample of n observations and define  $y_i = c + dx_i$  where c and d are constants and  $d \neq 0$ . Let  $\bar{x}$  be the sample mean and  $s_x^2$  be the sample variance of x. Analogously, let  $\bar{y}$  be the sample mean and  $s_y^2$  be the sample variance of y. Show your work in each of the following parts and note that your answers may involve c and d.
- [5] (a) Express  $\bar{y}$  in terms of  $\bar{x}$ .
- $\boxed{5}$  (b) Express  $s_y^2$  in terms of  $s_x^2$ .
- $\boxed{5}$  (c) Express  $s_y$  in terms of  $s_x$ .
- [5] (d) Let  $z_i^x$  be the sample z-score of  $x_i$  and  $z_i^y$  be the sample z-score of  $y_i$ . Briefly explain how  $z_i^y$  is related to  $z_i^x$ . Does the relationship depend on c or d? If so, how?

(e) Calculate the sample correlation  $r_{xy}$  between x and y. Does the answer depend on c or d? If so, how?

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regular coin is equal heads. I choose a co	of $N$ coins is defective and I chose my coly likely to come up heads or tails, a defection at random and flip it ten times: I get is defective and $A$ be the event that I get explain your reasoning in each of the follow)?	tive coin always comes up ten heads. Let $D$ be the ten heads in ten flips of
(b) What is $P(A D)$	$O^c$ )?	

 $\overline{4}$ (c) Expressed as a function of N, what is P(D)?

|4|(d) Expressed in terms of N, what is  $P(D^c)$ ?

4 (e) Expressed in terms of N, what is P(A)?

5 (f) Expressed in terms of N, what is P(D|A)?

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- 4. To answer this question, you will need the following fact: in R the function factorial is used instead of an exclamation point "!" to calculate a factorial. For example, factorial(3) would return a result of 6.
- [5] (a) Write down the formula for  $\binom{n}{k}$  in terms of factorials. To be clear: this part is *not* asking you for any R code.

(b) Using your formula from the preceding part, write an R function called mycombn that calculates combinations. Your function should take two inputs, n and k and return a single output:  $\binom{n}{k}$ .

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5. This question is based on a dataset called pickup.csv containing the model year, mileage, price (in US dollars), and make of 46 pickup trucks listed for sale on Craigslist in Austin Texas. Here are the first few rows of the dataset:

```
miles price
   year
                      make
1: 2008
         17638 14995
                        GMC
2: 2003 174000 8500 Dodge
3: 2001
          1500 9998 Dodge
4: 2007
         22422 23950
                       GMC
5: 2007
         34815 19980
                        GMC
6: 1997 167000 5000
                       GMC
```

In any R code that you write to answer this question, you may assume that the data.table package has already be installed and loaded.

- (a) The data are stored at http://jgscott.github.io/teaching/data/pickup.csv. Using this url, write out the line of R code you would use to download the file pickup.csv and store it in a data.table called pickup.
- (b) Here is a table that contains average price for each make of truck:

make avg\_price 1: GMC 7996.208 2: Dodge 6554.200 3: Ford 8867.917

Write down the line of R code you would use to generate these results.

(c) Here are the results of a linear regression that uses miles to predict price:

Coefficients:

(Intercept) miles 14419.3762 -0.0643

Write down the line of R code you would use to generate these results.

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(d) In the regression results from above, what are the units of the intercept? What are the units of the slope?

(e) Suppose a truck with zero miles were listed on Craigslist. Based on the regression results from above, what price would we predict for this truck?

(f) Consider two pickup trucks: truck A has 10,000 more miles than truck B. Based on the regression results from above, which truck would we predict has the higher price? How much higher?

(g) The sample mean of price is approximately 7900 dollars. Based on the regression results from above, approximately what is the sample mean of miles?

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